## GENERAL ORDERS

## HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY WASHINGTON, D.C., 23 May 1969

No. 33

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I\_DISTINGUISHED SERVICE CROSS. By direction of the President, under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved 25 July 1963, the Distinguished Service Cross for extraordinary heroism in action is awarded posthumously to:

Sergeant Paul H. Cline, \_ United States Army, a member of Company C, 3d Battalion (Airborne), 506th Infantry, who distinguished himself by extraordinary heroism while leading a rifle squad against hostile forces near Phan Thiet, Republic of Vietnam, on 6 February 1968. Sergeant Cline was serving as a rifle squad leader in an infantry rifle platoon during a search-anddestroy operation. Late in the afternoon his entire company became pinned down by intensive enemy automatic weapons, rocket, machinegun, and mortar fire. Sergeant Cline was immediately wounded in both legs and fell in the open, completely exposed to hostile fire. Another sergeant moved out to help him but, upon reaching Sergeant Cline, was also cut down by automatic weapons fire as the enemy concentrated their fire on the two paratroopers. Realizing that both of them would probably be killed, Sergeant Cline, with an act of indomitable courage, dragged himself on top of his wounded comrade in order to shield him from the hail of enemy bullets. He was then struck several times and killed by the fusillade, but his complete disregard for his own personal safety resulted in his comrade surviving and being able to crawl back to friendly elements. Sergeant Cline's conspicuous gallantry was in keeping with the highest traditions of the United States Army and reflects great credit upon him and the Armed Forces of his country.

II\_DISTINGUISHED SERVICE CROSS. By direction of the President, under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved 25 July 1963, the Distinguished Service Cross for extraordinary heroism in action is awarded, posthumously, to:

Specialist Five *Dennis F. Moore*, United States Army, who distinguished himself by extraordinary heroism while serving as the Senior Aidman with Company D, 3d Battalion (Airborne), 187th Infantry, 3d Brigade.

101st Airborne Division which was actively engaged in ground combat against enemy forces in the vicinity of Tan Uyen, Republic of Vietnam, on 18 March 1968. As the lead element of the company came under intense hostile small arms, rocket, grenade and machinegun fire, Specialist Moore left the security of the company headquarters element voluntarily to go to the aid of the wounded in the front element. As he approached the first of eight wounded comrades, he was seriously wounded in the leg and stomach. Completely ignoring his own wounds and safety he pushed ahead into the enemy fire. He discarded his personal weapon so as to better aid the wounded. In the course of moving from the first to the sixth man who lay only ten feet from an enemy machinegun bunker, Specialist Five Moore was wounded repeatedly. Not once did he stop to tend his own wounds but continued to crawl to the front, treating the wounded as he moved. He courageously moved to the lead man and began treating him, when he was mortally wounded by machinegun fire. Specialist Five Moore's extraordinary heroism and willing self-sacrifice are in the highest traditions of the United States Army and reflect great credit upon him and the Armed Forces of his country.

III\_DISTINGUISHED SERVICE MEDAL. 1. By direction of the President, under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved 9 July 1918, the Distinguished Service Medal for exceptionally meritorious and distinguished service in a position of great responsibility is awarded to:

Brigadier General Edward Bautz, Jr., United States Army, June 1966 to February 1969.

Brigadier General *Richard I. Crone*, United States Army. August 1965 to March 1969.

Brigadier General *Emil P. Eschenburg*, United States Army. August 1967 to February 1969.

Brigadier General Don R. Hickman, United States Army. October 1967 to March 1969.

Major General John J. Lane, United States Army. September 1959 to March 1969.

Brigadier General Charles C. Noble, United States Army. June 1967 to January 1969.

Major General Henry A. Rasmussen, United States Army. September 1967 to March 1969.

Major General Gilbert H. Woodward, United States Army. May 1968 to December 1968.

2. By direction of the President, under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved 9 July 1918, the Distinguished Service Medal (Second Oak Leaf Cluster) for exceptionally meritorious and distinguished service in a position of great responsibility is awarded to:

Lieutenant General William R. Peers, United States Army. January 1968 to March 1969.

IV\_SILVER STAR. By direction of the President, under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved 9 July 1918, a Silver Star for gallantry in action is awarded to:

Major James N. Rowe, Artillery, United States Army, who distinguished himself by outstanding gallantry in action on 31 December 1968 while a prisoner of the Viet Cong in the U Minh Forest of South Vietnam. During

the period 22 to 31 December 1968, after more than five years in Viet Cong prison camps, Major Rowe was forced by his captors to move at least twice daily to avoid friendly airstrikes. On 31 December at approximately 0900 hours, two helicopter gunships began firing into an area approximately 300 meters from his location. The guard detail consisted of one Viet Cong cadreman and five guards, one of whom was assigned to remain with Major Rowe at all times. The guard detail, while monitoring a radio, learned that South Vietnamese infantrymen were searching the terrain nearby. Becoming frightened, the guards moved Major Rowe into a large field of reeds, hoping to evade the infantry force. Major Rowe realized that if he were to escape, he must first get away from some of his guards, so he tricked them into splitting into smaller groups in order to exfiltrate the area. Major Rowe persuaded his one remaining guard that they were being surrounded and kept him moving in a circle through the dense underbrush. While doing so, Major Rowe was able to remove the magazine from the weapon slung across his guard's back. Finding a club, he overpowered his guard, knocking him unconscious, seized his radio, and moved 200 meters into a grassy area. At great personal risk he quickly cleared a section and signaled one of the circling helicopters, which landed and picked him up. His first action after rescue was to request permission to re-enter the area with combat troops and to continue the fight based upon his intimate knowledge of the area. Major Rowe's burning determination to escape, undiminished after five years of intimidation and deprivation, his clearheadedness in formulating an effective plan, and his audacity in executing it successfully, reflect the highest credit on his professionalism and extraordinary courage and are in keeping with the highest traditions of the military service.

V\_LEGION OF MERIT. By direction of the President, under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved 20 July 1942 and Executive Order 10600, 15 March 1953, the Legion of Merit for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding service is awarded posthumously to:

Colonel Fred A. Campora, Artillery, United States Army. February 1959 to February 1969.

VI. LEGION OF MERIT. 1. By direction of the President, under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved 20 July 1942 and Executive Order 10600, 15 March 1953, the Legion of Merit for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding service is awarded to:

Lieutenant Colonel John W. Allen, Jr., Infantry, United States Army. June 1967 to March 1969.

Colonel George R. Allin Artillery, United States Army. January 1962 to August 1968.

Colonel Thomas S. Barron, Medical Corps, United States Army. July 1966 to March 1969.

Colonel John T. Berry, Infantry, United States Army. June 1962 to July 1968.

Lieutenant Colonel James W. Booth, , Armor, United States Army. July 1966 to November 1968.

Lieutenant Colonel Dewcy E. Brown, Armor, United States Army.

June 1966 to March 1969.

Lieutenant Colonel Robert L. Brown, Armor, United States Army. April 1966 to April 1969.

Lieutenant Colonel William C. Byrns, Armor, United States Army. August 1966 to March 1969. (This award supersedes the Army Commendation Medal (Third Oak Leaf Cluster) awarded by the Chief of Information, Department of the Army, under the provisions of paragraph 7, AR 672-5-1, to Colonel Byrns for meritorious service during the period 18 July 1966 to 1 April 1969.)

Colonel John W. Carley, Infantry, United States Army. November 1967 to March 1969.

('olonel Walter H. Clifford , Ordnance Corps, United States Army. July 1960 to July 1968.

Lieutenant Colonel Jose I. Colon-Tirado, Signal Corps, United States Army. August 1965 to March 1969.

Lieutenant Colonel Clyde A. Cortez, Infantry, United States Army, September 1967 to March 1969.

Lieutenant Colonel Harold F. Coverdale, United States Air Force, July 1966 to February 1969.

Lieutenant Colonel Richard S. Craig, Artillery, United States Army, March 1966 to March 1969.

Colonel George R. Creel, Artillery, United States Army. August 1964 to March 1969.

Lieutenant Colonel Paul V. Culbertson, Infantry, United States Army, November 1965 to March 1969.

Lieutenant Colonel Michael De Candio, Jr., Military Intelligence, United States Army. August 1966 to November 1968.

Colonel Richard E. Donahue, Armor, United States Army. August 1962 to March 1969.

Lieutenant Colonel Pelham L. Felder III, Artillery, United States Army. July 1964 to July 1968.

Colonel Edgar J. Fredericks, Military Intelligence, United States Army. September 1960 to August 1968.

Lieutenant Colonel *Thomas A. Ghormley*, Corps of Engineers, United States Army. September 1966 to March 1969.

Lieutenant Colonel Richard E. Gillespie, Artillery, United States Army. June 1966 to January 1969.

Colonel William W. Gist III, Armor, United States Army. July 1966 to February 1969.

Major Paul R. Gleave, Artillery, United States Army. July 1966 to March 1969.

Lieutenant Colonel Robert L. Gooderl, Artillery, United States Army. July 1962 to July 1968.

Colonel John W. Gorman, Ordnance Corps, United States Army. September 1959 to July 1968.

Colonel Herschel E. Griffin, Medical Corps, United States Army. June 1963 to March 1969.

Colonel Robert W. Griffin, , Infantry, United States Army. June 1962 to August 1968.

Lieutenant Colonel Joseph K. Griffith, Artillery, United States Army. July 1967 to October 1968.

Colonel Vincent I. Hack, Medical Service Corps, United States Army. June 1955 to March 1969.

Lieutenant Colonel Darwin D. Harbin, Infantry, United States Army. February 1968 to January 1969. Lieutenant Colonel Bobby J. Harris, Infantry, United States Army. February 1967 to March 1969. Transportation Corps, United States Colonel Henry C. Hatchell, Army. July 1967 to March 1969. Lieutenant Colonel Robert C. Hawlk, Ordnance Corps, United States Army. June 1967 to February 1969. Corps of Engineers, United States Colonel Robert G. Hillman, Army. February 1967 to March 1969. Lieutenant Colonel Cary B. Hutchinson, Jr., , Artillery, United States Army. September 1967 to January 1969. Colonel David B. Jodrey, Quartermaster Corps, United States Army. August 1959 to August 1968. Colonel Allan G. W. Johnson, Artillery, United States Army. October 1960 to July 1968. Colonel William F. Lewis, Infantry, United States Army. July 1959 to August 1968. Colonel Nicholas A. Lord, Corps of Engineers, United States Army. May 1966 to January 1969. Colonel William J. McGuigan, Transportation Corps, United States Army, January 1959 to August 1968. Colonel Donald C. McNair, Artillery, United States Army, April 1963 to July 1968. Quartermaster Corps, United States Colonel James D. Mercer,-Army. December 1967 to January 1969. Lieutenant Colonel William K. Merrill, Artillery, United States Army. June 1966 to January 1969. Lieutenant Colonel Francis A. Nerone, Infantry, United States Army. June 1966 to March 1969. Colonel Mac C. Newman, Medical Service Corps, United States Army. August 1963 to March 1969. Lieutenant Colonel George S. Oliver, , Corps of Engineers, United States Army. July 1967 to February 1969. Lieutenant Colonel James S. O'Neal, , Armor, United States Army. March 1966 to March 1969. Colonel Cannon A. Owen, Medical Corps, United States Army. August 1966 to March 1969. Colonel Bill W. Paden, O52291, Artillery, United States Army. July 1961 to January 1969. Lieutenant Colonel Robert Sanabria, , Military Intelligence, United States Army. July 1966 to February 1969. Colonel Otto H. Sandman, Jr., , Medical Service Corps, United States Army. April 1966 to March 1969.

1965 to February 1969. Colonel Hobart D. Scarbrough, , Ordnance Corps, United States Army. July 1966 to March 1969.

, Infantry, United States Army. October

Colonel Harvey Scott, , Armor, United States Army. July 1961 to February 1969.

Colonel Otto P. Scharth,

Colonel Robert M. Shoemaker, Infantry, United States Army. June 1967 to March 1969.

Lieutenant Colonel Leo P. Sikorski, Infantry, United States Army. July 1966 to March 1969. (This award supersedes award of the Army Commendation Medal (Second Oak Leaf Cluster) for meritorious service from July 1966 to March 1968 as announced in General Orders Number 6, Office of Personnel Operations, Headquarters, Department of the Army, dated 22 March 1968.)

Lieutenant Colonel Tommie G. Smith, Armor, United States Army. August 1966 to March 1969.

Lieutenant Colonel Martin P. Stanton, Artillery, United States Army, July 1966 to March 1969.

Colonel Edward Strongin, Artillery, United States Army. July 1966 to August 1968.

Lieutenant Colonel *Rice T. Trolan*, Chemical Corps, United States Army. February 1967 to March 1969.

Lieutenant Colonel Fernand R. Van Laethem, Signal Corps, United States Army. July 1966 to March 1969.

Colonel James W. Weathers, Jr., Infantry, United States Army. January 1960 to July 1968.

Lieutenant Colonel Truman E. Yancey, Armor, United States Army. February 1967 to March 1969.

2. By direction of the President, under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved 20 July 1942 and Executive Order 10600, 15 March 1953, the Legion of Merit (First Oak Leaf Cluster) for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding service is awarded to:

Colonel Robert E. Dingeman, Artillery, United States Army. July 1967 to March 1969.

Colonel Robert S. Dingle, Jr. Artillery, United States Army. August 1966 to March 1969.

Lieutenant Colonel Marshall G. Engle, Infantry, United States Army. September 1967 to October 1968.

Colonel Gordon Flaherty, Military Intelligence, United States Army. August 1966 to March 1969.

Colonel John C. Kulp, Jr., Quartermaster Corps, United States Army. June 1966 to March 1969.

Lieutenant Colonel Annie G. Lancer, L125, Women's Army Corps, United States Army. April 1956 to February 1969.

Colonel George A. Lutz, Transportation Corps, United States Army. June 1967 to January 1969.

Colonel William L. Nungesser, Corps of Engineers, United States Army. January 1960 to July 1968.

Colonel Joe M. Palmer, Corps of Engineers, United States Army. July 1960 to February 1969.

Colonel Paul W. Ramee, Corps of Engineers, United States Army. July 1959 to July 1968.

Colonel Carl W. Schaad, Artillery, United States Army. June 1965 to March 1969.

3. By direction of the President, under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved 20 July 1942, and Executive Order 10600, 15 March 1953, the Legion

of Merit (Second Oak Leaf Cluster) for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding service is awarded to:

Major General Edward P. Smith, United States Army. March 1967 to January 1969.

VII\_LEGION OF MERIT. 1. By direction of the President, under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved 20 July 1942 and Executive Order 10600, 15 March 1953, the Legion of Merit (Degree of Commander) for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding service is awarded to:

Major General Maurice M. J. Ducamp, Belgian Army. April 1962 to December 1968.

Major General Oudone Sananikone, Royal Lao Army. October 1966 to March 1969.

2. By direction of the President, under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved 20 July 1942 and Executive Order 10600, 15 March 1953, the Legion of Merit (Degree of Officer) for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding service is awarded to:

Colonel *Pier Luigi Amaro*, 1445, Italian Army. July 1960 to October 1966. Brigadier General *Truong Quang An*, Army of the Republic of Vietnam. November 1966 to September 1968.

Major General *Lec So Dong*, 10287, Army of the Republic of Korea. August 1966 to June 1967.

Brigadier General Vu Ngoc Hoan, Army of the Republic of Vietnam. February 1964 to December 1968.

Brigadier General *Helmut Schoenefeld*, Army of the Federal Republic of Germany. June 1966 to September 1968.

Major General Nguyen Viet Thanh, Army of the Republic of Vietnam. January 1968 to November 1968.

VIII\_SOLDIER'S MEDAL. 1. By direction of the President, under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved 2 July 1926, a Soldier's Medal for heroism not involving actual conflict with an enemy is awarded to:

Warrant Officer Candidate Stephen E. Briese (Specialist Five), RA68044988, United States Army, who distinguished himself by heroism on 20 November 1968 while assigned to the 5th Warrant Officer Candidate Company, 2d Battalion, Troop Brigade, United States Army Primary Helicopter Center/ School, Fort Wolters, Texas. At approximately 0945 hours, while at Stagefield 1, Warrant Officer Candidate *Briese* observed a helicopter crash on lane one. Upon ground impact, the fuel cell ruptured and approximately 30 gallons of fuel were spilled over the crash area. The instructor pilot received fatal injuries and the student pilot was pinned in the cockpit and received critical injuries. Warrant Officer Candidate Briese and another soldier immediately ran toward the wreckage. They were no protective clothing and had no training in aircraft crash rescue. They freed the student pilot from the cockpit and carried him away from the aircraft. Approximately 45 seconds later an intense fire broke out, engulfing the entire aircraft. Warrant Officer Candidate Briese had reacted with total disregard for his own personal safety, ignoring the fact that a severe fuel fire was imminent. His quick thinking and decisive action in this emergency were instrumental in saving the injured student's life. Warrant Officer Candidate Briese's heroic action is in the highest traditions of the United States Army

and reflects great credit upon himself, the United States Army Primary Helicopter Center/School, and the military service.

2. By direction of the President, under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved 2 July 1926, a Soldier's Medal for heroism not involving actual conflict with an enemy is awarded to:

Warrant Officer Candidate Grey L. Brill (Specialist Five), United States Army, who distinguished himself by heroism while assigned to the 5th Warrant Officer Candidate Company, 2d Battalion, Troop Brigade, United States Army Primary Helicopter Center/School, Fort Wolters, Texas. At approximately 0945 hours, while at Stagefield 1, Warrant Officer Candidate Brill observed a helicopter crash on lane one. Upon ground impact, the fuel cell ruptured and approximately 30 gallons of fuel were spilled over the crash area. The instructor pilot received fatal injuries, and the student pilot was pinned in the cockpit and received critical injuries. Warrant Officer Candidate Brill and another soldier immediately ran toward the wreckage. They wore no protective clothing and had no training in aircraft crash rescue. They freed the student pilot from the cockpit and carried him away from the aircraft. Approximately 45 seconds later an intense fire broke out, engulfing the entire aircraft. Warrant Officer Candidate Brill had reacted with total disregard for his own personal safety, ignoring the fact that a severe fuel fire was imminent. His quick thinking and decisive action in this emergency were instrumental in saving the injured student's life. Warrant Officer Candidate Brill's heroic action is in the highest traditions of the United States Army and reflects great credit upon himself, the United States Army Primary Helicopter Center/School, and the military service.

3. By direction of the President, under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved 2 July 1926, a Soldier's Medal for heroism not involving actual conflict with an enemy is awarded to:

Staff Sergeant John L. Burns, Jr., United States Army, who distinguished himself by heroism not involving conflict with an armed enemy at Izmir, Turkey, on 7 October 1968. During the discharging of cargo from the M/V MARMARIS, on berth at Alsancak Pier, Izmir, Turkey, Sergeant Burns, with disregard for personal safety, prevented possible death or injury to a Turkish civilian employee. Sergeant Burns was observing the cargo-discharging procedures approximately forty feet from where the discharged cargo was being loaded aboard warehouse trailers. While offloading a draft of cargo—one large container and several steel bars, each 4 inches in diameter, 15 feet long and weighing 600 pounds—the ship's winch jerked, causing one of the metal bars to slip and fall from a height of 45 feet. Sergeant Burns saw the bar dropping and could have easily leaped from the danger area to safety. Instead, he lunged forward into the path of the plunging bar and pushed the civilian employee to safety. His unselfish action placed his own life in jeopardy and resulted in injury to his right foot. This heroic act averted certain tragedy and reflects great credit upon Sergeant Burns, the Military Traffic Management and Terminal Service, and the United States Army.

4. By direction of the President, under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved 2 July 1926, a Soldier's Medal for heroism not involving actual conflict with an enemy is awarded to:

First Lieutenant Larry T. Tarwater, Infantry, United States Army, who distinguished himself by heroism above and beyond the call of duty

while serving with Headquarters and Headquarters Company, 1st Battalion, 15th Infantry, 3d Infantry Division, at the Hohenfels Major Training Area, Germany, on 23 November 1968. An armored personnel carrier in the midst of the Battalion Combat Operations Center caught fire, presenting an immediate danger to the lives of all personnel in the vicinity. While others fled from the blazing vehicle, Lieutenant Tarwater spontaneously and with complete disregard for his personal safety entered it and removed numerous cases of ammunition, thereby preventing probable loss of life and extensive destruction of Government property. After removing the ammunition from the flame-wracked vehicle, Lieutenant Tarwater aided in bringing the fire under control by mobilizing all personnel and securing several fire extinguishers from nearby vehicles. Lieutenant Tarwater's heroism and presence of mind were in consonance with the most cherished traditions of the military service, and reflect great credit upon him, the MARNE Division, and the United States Army.

5. By direction of the President, under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved 2 July 1926, a Soldier's Medal for heroism not involving actual conflict with an enemy is awarded to:

Master Sergeant Ernest J. Whatley. United States Army. Headquarters and Headquarters Company and Band, 3d Armored Division Support Command, who distinguished himself by displaying great heroism, with complete disregard for personal hazards involved, in the Edwards Housing Area, Frankfurt, Germany, at approximately 2145 hours. 29 October 1968. Having been alerted to a fire in the apartment of a neighbor. Sergeant Whatley voluntarily risked his own life rushing to the aid of the children. With complete disregard for his personal safety and displaying cool judgment, Sergeant Whatley braved flame, heat and smoke to enter the apartment and rescue four children. After three trips into the inferno, all four children were safely evacuated from the building. Having ascertained that the children were safe, he then re-entered the building and supervised the systematic evacuation of other occupants from the stairwell. Sergeant Whatley's quick thinking, complete disregard for personal hazards, and natural leadership saved four children from injury or death. His actions are in the highest traditions of the military service. IX\_BRONZE STAR MEDAL. 1. By direction of the President, under Executive Order 9419, 4 February 1944 (sec. II, WD Bul. 3, 1944), the Bronze Star Medal with V-device for heroic achievement in connection with military operations against an enemy of the United States during the periods indicated is awarded to:

Private James Cardinal, United States Army, who, while a member of Company I, 5th Cavalry, 1st Cavalry Division, distinguished himself by heroic conduct in ground operations against North Korean forces at Pyongyang, Korea, on 20 October 1950. On the morning of 19 October, Company I was given the mission to seize a major north-south railroad bridge and cross over into the northern half of the capital city. The attack was launched at 1100 hours, and the company had crossed the southern half of the bridge, about 600 yards from shore, when the enemy blew up two spans of the northern half of the bridge. The company was forced to consolidate its advance on a sandbar island in the middle of the Taedong River which divided the city of Pyongyang. Surrounded by 100 yards of swift-flowing deep water, the company awaited the arrival of engineer assault boats before continuing the attack. As darkness fell, the island had been secured and several casualties sustained. By

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midnight, the company was increasingly concerned over an open railroad ore car directly overhead on the railroad bridge that could conceal enemy grenadiers and the possibility that the twisted metal of the blown bridge span could provide an approach route for enemy forces. Private Cardinal volunteered to undertake the mission of a one-man patrol to reconnoiter the railroad car and the railroad tracks leading directly into the fire zone of an unlocated enemy gun position. Private Cardinal stripped down, removing his helmet, shoes and jacket despite bitter cold, and armed only with a pistol climbed up on the bridge, made a reconnaissance and reported it clear. He preceded to cross the damaged steel girders, feeling in pitch darkness for whatever hand- and foot-holds he could find. He approached to within fifty yards of enemy trench positions, where a completely dropped bridge span precluded further advance. He observed the enemy for approximately 20 minutes, pinpointed the location of the enemy automatic weapon, and withdrew without alerting the enemy. As a result of the successful accomplishment of his mission a small blocking position was established which denied enemy troops an avenue of approach. His company destroyed the enemy automatic weapon position at daybreak. Private Cardinal's courage, heroic conduct and devotion to duty were in keeping with the highest traditions of the United States Army and reflect great credit upon him and the military service.

2. By direction of the President, under the provisions of Executive Order 11046, 24 August 1962, a Bronze Star Medal with V-device for heroic achievement in connection with military operations against hostile forces is awarded to:

Second Lieutenant Willie J. Hunter, (then Staff Sergeant), Infantry, United States Army who, while assigned to Detachment A-725, United States Army Special Forces, Vietnam, distinguished himself by heroic actions in ground operations against an enemy force in the Republic of Vietnam on 11 June 1964. Lieutenant Hunter, Special Forces advisor, accompanied a South Vietnamese patrol on a search-and-destroy mission in the Nuc Lo Valley, a Viet Cong-dominated area. Upon reaching the vicinity of a Viet Cong village, a plan was made to surround the village, eliminate two observation posts, and search and destroy the village. Lieutenant Hunter and a mortar crew remained in a defilade position to provide fire support. Shortly thereafter, all echelons of the patrol were ambushed by the enemy, located in well-concealed ambush positions. Lieutenant Hunter continually exposed himself to intense hostile fire in order to direct effective fire support. He then lifted his fire, led his men into the village, destroyed it, and went to the assistance of the besieged main patrol element, which was pinned down on a small hilltop by murderous enemy fire. Deciding to fight their way down the valley toward the patrol base, he organized all-point security and litter parties for dead and wounded personnel and then led the patrol down the river. The patrol again came under heavy attack by enemy automatic fire, causing it to disperse and take cover. Unhesitatingly, Lieutenant Hunter, without regard for his own personal safety, ran into an open area and began firing a 60mm handheld mortar in the direction of the machinegun position. His extremely effective fire silenced the machinegun, enabling the patrol to fire and maneuver, which caused the enemy to withdraw. Contact was broken in the dense jungle, and the patrol returned safely to its base. Lieutenant Hunter's heroic actions in close combat with a hostile force are in keeping with the highest traditions of the military service and reflect great credit upon him, his unit, and the United States Army.

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X\_BRONZE STAR MEDAL. 1. By direction of the President, under the provisions of Executive Order 11046, 24 August 1962, a Bronze Star Medal for meritorious service in connection with military operations against hostile forces is awarded to:

Sergeant First Class Charles V. Elrod,

United States Army.

April 1968 to March 1969.

United States Army.

Sergeant First Class Alexander Freitas, January 1968 to January 1969.

Tofonton Thite J Chaten Amount

First Lieutenant John B. Givhan, September 1963 to April 1964. Infantry, United States Army.

2. By direction of the President, under the provisions of Executive Order 11046, 24 August 1962, a Bronze Star Medal for meritorious achievement in connection with military operations against hostile forces is awarded to:

Major James N. Rowe, O91033, Artillery, United States Army. 31 December 1968.

XI\_AIR MEDAL. By direction of the President, under the provisions of Executive Order 9158, 11 May 1942, as amended by Executive Order 9242-Λ, 11 September 1942, an Air Medal with V-device for heroism while participating in aerial flight is awarded by the Department of the Army to:

Chief Warrant Officer Felix Rivera, Jr., United States Army. who distinguished himself by heroism while participating in a two-day recovery operation ten miles southwest of Pleiku, Republic of Vietnam, on 1 and 2 June 1965. Chief Warrant Officer Rivera voluntarily participated in a recovery operation where two UH-1B helicopters had been shot down in hostile territory. In the preceding action, two United States Army personnel had lost their lives, one was wounded and forty-five ARVN soldiers had been killed. At 0900 hours, 1 June 1965, Chief Warrant Officer Rivera attempted to reach the recovery area; however, adverse weather prevented any landing until 1430 hours. Upon arrival in the area, it was decided to repair the aircraft on-site and fly to Pleiku. One UH-1B required only minor repairs, however the other had received considerable bullet damage and required more extensive maintenance. At 1500 hours, repairs had been completed on the first UH-1B. At 1515 hours it was flown out of the area, with Chief Warrant Officer Rivera flying cover in another UH-1B. Immediately after delivering the aircraft to Pleiku, Chief Warrant Officer Rivera picked up the personnel who had flown it and flew them back to the recovery area. Heavy rain further complicated the operation. Friendly forces were in contact with the Viet Cong approximately three kilometers away. and it was not known if the Viet Cong would try to reach the area. At 1830 hours, when it was obvious that the aircraft would not be ready that day, Chief Warrant Officer Rivera flew the recovery crew back to Pleiku. The next morning they returned to finish repairs on the second aircraft. Chief Warrant Officer Rivera then flew it out of the area even though it had no radios and was leaking oil. Chief Warrant Officer Rivera's actions resulted in savings to the United States Government of approximately one-half million dollars and brought credit to him, his unit and the United States Army.

XII\_AIR MEDAL. 1. By direction of the President, under the provisions of Executive Order 9158, 11 May 1942, as amended by Executive Order 9242-A,

11 September 1942, an Air Medal for meritorious achievement while participating in aerial flight is awarded by the Department of the Army to:

Staff Sergeant Frank Midlil, United States Army. 16 December 1965 to 5 October 1966.

2. By direction of the President, under the provisions of Executive Order 9158, 11 May 1942, as amended by Executive Order 9242-A, 11 September 1942, an Air Medal (First Oak Leaf Cluster) for meritorious achievement while participating in aerial flight is awarded by the Department of the Army to:

Sergeant First Class Alexander Freitas,

United States Army.

16 July 1968 to 14 January 1969.

Colonel Kurtz J. Miller, Jr., Armor, United States Army. 20 January 1968 to 15 November 1968.

Chief Warrant Officer Kenneth D. Moore, United States Army. 8 August 1964 to 3 September 1964.

3. By direction of the President, under the provisions of Executive Order 9158, 11 May 1942, as amended by Executive Order 9242-A, 11 September 1942, an Air Medal (Second Oak Leaf Cluster) for meritorious achievement while participating in aerial flight is awarded by the Department of the Army to:

Chief Warrant Officer Kenneth D. Moore
United States Army.
4 September 1964 to 26 September 1964.

4. By direction of the President, under the provisions of Executive Order 9158, 11 May 1942, as amended by Executive Order 9242-A, 11 September 1942, an Air Medal (Third Oak Leaf Cluster) for meritorious achievement while participating in aerial flight is awarded by the Department of the Army to:

Chief Warrant Officer Kenneth D. Moore, United States Army. 29 September 1964 to 22 October 1964.

5. By direction of the President, under the provisions of Executive Order 9158, 11 May 1942, as amended by Executive Order 9242-A, 11 September 1942, an Air Medal (Fourth Oak Leaf Cluster) for meritorious achievement while participating in aerial flight is awarded by the Department of the Army to:

Chief Warrant Officer Kenneth D. Moore,
23 October 1964 to 14 November 1964.

United States Army.

6. By direction of the President, under the provisions of Executive Order 9158, 11 May 1942, as amended by Executive Order 9242-A, 11 September 1942, an Air Medal (Fifth Oak Leaf Cluster) for meritorious achievement while participating in aerial flight is awarded by the Department of the Army to:

Chief Warrant Officer Kenneth D. Moore, United States Army. 17 November 1964 to 8 December 1964.

7. By direction of the President, under the provisions of Executive Order 9158, 11 May 1942, as amended by Executive Order 9242-A, 11 September 1942, an Air Medal (Sixth Oak Leaf Cluster) for meritorious achievement while participating in aerial flight is awarded by the Department of the Army to:

Chief Warrant Officer Kenneth D. Moore, United States Army.

11 December 1964 to 5 January 1965.

8. By direction of the President, under the provisions of Executive Order 9158, 11 May 1942, as amended by Executive Order 9242-A, 11 September 1942, an Air Medal (Seventh Oak Leaf Cluster) for meritorious achievement while participating in aerial flight is awarded by the Department of the Army to:

Chief Warrant Officer Kenneth D. Moore, W3151264, United States Army. 6 January 1965 to 26 January 1965.

9. By direction of the President, under the provisions of Executive Order 9158, 11 May 1942, as amended by Executive Order 9242-A, 11 September 1942, an Air Medal (Eighth Oak Leaf Cluster) for meritorious achievement while participating in aerial flight is awarded by the Department of the Army to:

Chief Warrant Officer Kenneth D. Moore, W3151264, United States Army. 27 January 1965 to 23 February 1965.

XIII\_ARMY COMMENDATION MEDAL. By direction of the Secretary of the Army, under the provisions of paragraph 33, AR 672-5-1, the Army Commendation Medal with V-device for heroism is awarded to:

Specialist Five Douglas B. Stow. United States Army, who distinguished himself during helicopter airmobile operations on 7 November 1968 while serving as crewchief in the 7th Aviation Platoon (Airlift), United States Army Support to Thailand. While engaged in tactical support operations with Royal Thai Army near Khon Kaen, Thailand, the UH-1H helicopter with Specialist Stow as crewchief crashed while attempting to take off. The aircraft rolled onto its right side, the engine continued to run and excess fuel was drained onto the ground. Specialist Stow exited the aircraft, directed two passengers on board at the time to safety, and prevented several children in the area from approaching the danger zone. Discovering that the pilot was still in the wreckage and assuming him to be incapacitated, Specialist Stow, realizing the imminence of explosion or fire, unhesitatingly and with complete disregard for his own safety proceeded to provide an escape hatch for the pilot by punching a hole in the top left plexiglass window with his bare fist, thereby fracturing his hand. Though in severe pain he succeeded in tearing away the jagged plexiglass and helped pull the pilot to safety. Throughout the crisis it was fully apparent that Specialist Stow was primarily concerned for the safety of the passengers, crew, and indigenous spectators surrounding the volatile crash scene. His devotion to duty, professional performance under emergency conditions, and his regard for the safety of others at the expense of his own attest to his personal bravery and reflect great credit upon Specialist Stow and the United States Army.

XIV\_ARMY COMMENDATION MEDAL. 1. By direction of the Secretary of the Army, under the provisions of paragraph 33, AR 672-5-1, the Army Commendation Medal for meritorious service is awarded to:

Major Jerry W. Asher, O975245, Artillery, United States Army. July 1968 to January 1969.

First Lieutenant Richard J. Avery, Army. June 1967 to March 1969.

Specialist Five William G. Beyer Jr., May 1967 to March 1969.

Specialist Five James E. Blake, 1966 to January 1969.

Captain Walter J. Breede, III 1966 to January 1969.

Captain William E. Cole, 1967 to December 1968.

Major Harland M. Davis, Jr., 1968 to November 1968.

Artillery, United States

United States Army.

United States Army. August

United States Marine Corps. July

United States Marine Corps. December

, United States Air Force. May

United Communications Technician Chief Gary L. Fitzhugh, States Navy. June 1967 to February 1969. Military Intelligence, United States Captain Harry J. Fox, Army. September 1967 to February 1969. Sergeant First Class Charles M. Fuller, United States Army. March 1966 to March 1969. United States Air Lieutenant Colonel James L. Gardner, Jr., Force. August 1967 to November 1968. United States Army. Sergeant First Class Cletus V. Gill, July 1965 to February 1969. United States Army. July 1968 Specialist Four Kurt E. Hahn, to December 1968. United States Marine Corps. October Captain James R. Harper, 1966 to January 1969. First Lieutenant Richard S. Hayes, , Finance Corps, United States Army. April 1967 to February 1969. United States Army. June Specialist Five Robert J. Keefe, 1967 to February 1969. Specialist Five William G. Kissinger, Jr., United States Army. April 1968 to March 1969. United States Marine Corps. July 1966 to Major Allan W. Lamb, January 1969. Sergeant First Class Theodore R. Liebel, United States Army. May 1967 to February 1969. Sergeant First Class Robert R. MacKissock, United States Army, May 1965 to March 1969. United States Army. Master Sergeant John W. Middlecoff, February 1960 to March 1969. United States Army. August Sergeant Robert W. Peak, Jr., 1967 to January 1969. Staff Sergeant Donald E. Remy, United States Army, March 1968 to March 1969. Specialist Five James E. Roberston, United States Army. March 1967 to February 1969. Lieutenant Colonel Curtis M. Sanders, Jr., Transportation Corps, United States Army. January 1966 to January 1969. Corps of Engineers, United States Captain David B. Schartner, Army. May 1967 to December 1968. Major Donald O. Smith, Signal Corps, United States Army. December 1966 to February 1969. Major Raymond A. Tate, Military Intelligence, United States Army. May 1967 to February 1969. Sergeant David M. Wells, United States Army. January 1967 to January 1969. Lieutenant Colonel James F. Workman, Artillery, United States Army. December 1966 to November 1968. 2. By direction of the Secretary of the Army, under the provisions of paragraph 33, AR 672-5-1, the Army Commendation Medal (First Oak Leaf

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, Infantry, United States Army. May

Cluster) for meritorious service is awarded to:

Colonel Howard E. Adams,

1966 to January 1969.

Major Severree A. Brown, Signal Corps, United States Army. August 1967 to January 1969.

Lieutenant Colonel Gilbert L. Burns, , Corps of Engineers, United States Army. September 1967 to January 1969.

Major Ted V. Cooper, Finance Corps, United States Army. July 1967 to February 1969.

Major Henry S. Fix, Jr., (then Captain), Adjutant General's Corps, United States Army. July 1965 to July 1966.

Lieutenant Colonel Benjamin M. Hamilton, , Military Intelligence, United States Army. February 1967 to December 1968.

Lieutenant Colonel Wilbert F. Higgins, Ordnance Corps, United States Army. February 1967 to January 1969.

Lieutenant Colonel George S. Kourakos, , Infantry, United States Army. August 1967 to October 1968.

Lieutenant Colonel Charles E. Orr, Jr., Ordnance Corps, United States Army. July 1967 to November 1968.

Lieutenant Colonel Herbert H. Ray, , Infantry, United States Army. February 1966 to November 1967.

Lieutenant Colonel William R. Sarber, Transportation Corps, United States Army. February 1967 to September 1968.

Master Sergeant John E. Tomer, United States Army. May 1966 to February 1969.

Captain Robert D. Wells, Jr., Finance Corps, United States Army. July 1968 to March 1969.

3. By direction of the Secretary of the Army, under the provisions of paragraph 33, AR 672-5-1, the Army Commendation Medal (Second Oak Leaf Cluster) for meritorious service is awarded to:

Sergeant First Class Wilbur F. Hatfield, , United States Army. September 1967 to March 1969.

Lieutenant Colonel Norman D. Selby, Adjutant General's Corps, United States Army. May 1966 to March 1969.

4. By direction of the Secretary of the Army, under the provisions of paragraph 33, AR 672-5-1, the Army Commendation Medal (Third Oak Leaf Cluster) for meritorious service is awarded to:

Major Ben Fabian, , Adjutant General's Corps, United States Army. June 1967 to January 1969.

Major Harold W. Weiler; , Adjutant General's Corps, United States Army. June 1967 to March 1969.

5. By direction of the Secretary of the Army, under the provisions of paragraph 33, AR 672-5-1, the Army Commendation Medal (Fourth Oak Leaf Cluster) for meritorious service is awarded to:

Lieutenant Colonel George O. McBride, Infantry, , United States Army. June 1964 to August 1968.

XV\_MEDAL OF HONOR. Department of the Army General Orders Number 75, dated 10 December 1968, pertaining to award of the Medal of Honor to Sergeant Sammy L. Davis, (then Private First Class), United States Army, is amended to include "(This award supersedes award of the Silver Star awarded to Sergeant Davis for gallantry in action on 18 November 1967 as announced in General Orders Number 102, Headquarters, 9th Infantry Division, dated 6 January 1968.)"

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XVI\_\_LEGION OF MERIT. So much of paragraph 1, Section VII, General Orders Number 80, Headquarters, Department of the Army, dated 16 December 1968, pertaining to the posthumous award of the Legion of Merit to Colonel Willard C. Stewart, Infantry, United States Army, from October 1962 to August 1968 is hereby rescinded.

XVII\_\_DISTINGUISHED FLYING CROSS. 1. So much of paragraph 1, Section IX, General Orders Number 45, Department of the Army dated 1 December 1966, as pertains to award of the Distinguished Flying Cross (First Oak Leaf Cluster) to Captain Bradley T. Foote, United States Air Force as reads "Distinguished Flying Cross (First Oak Leaf Cluster)" is amended to read "Distinguished Flying Cross."

2. So much of paragraph 2, Section X, General Orders Number 50, Headquarters, Department of the Army, dated 26 September 1968, as pertains to award of the Distinguished Flying Cross to Major *Ernest L. Pyne*, FR47503, United States Air Force, as reads: "Distinguished Flying Cross," is amended to read: "Distinguished Flying Cross (First Oak Leaf Cluster)."

XVIII\_SOLDIER'S MEDAL. So much of paragraph 5, Section VII, General Orders Number 8, Headquarters, Department of the Army, dated 4 February 1969, as pertains to award of the Soldier's Medal to Second Lieutenant Frederick E. Van Alstyne, Corps of Engineers, United States Army, as reads: "Second Lieutenant Frederick S. Van Alstyne," is amended to read: "Second Lieutenant Frederick E. Van Alstyne."

XIX\_ARMY COMMENDATION MEDAL. 1. So much of paragraph 1, Section XIII, General Orders Number 27, Headquarters, Department of the Army, dated 22 June 1967, as pertains to the Army Commendation Medal to Major Benjamin H. Anderson, Jr., Army Intelligence and Security, United States Army, as reads "Army Commendation Medal," is amended to read "Army Commendation Medal (First Oak Leaf Cluster)."

- 2. So much of paragraph 3, Section XVI, General Orders Number 44, Head-quarters, Department of the Army, dated 22 August 1968, as pertains to award of the Army Commendation Medal (Second Oak Leaf Cluster) to Lieutenant Colonel Donald L. Hiebert, Infantry, United States Army, as reads "Army Commendation Medal (Second Oak Leaf Cluster)," is amended to read "Army Commendation Medal (Third Oak Leaf Cluster)."
- 3. So much of paragraph 1, Section IX, General Orders Number 3, Headquarters, Department of the Army, dated 23 January 1968, as pertains to award of the Army Commendation Medal to Lieutenant Colonel Robert E. Ready, O64868, Infantry, United States Army, as reads "Army Commendation Medal," is amended to read "Army Commendation Medal (Second Oak Leaf Cluster)." By Order of the Secretary of the Army:

W. C. WESTMORELAND, General, United States Army, Chief of Staff.

Official:

KENNETH G. WICKHAM, Major General, United States Army, The Adjutant General.

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