

GENERAL ORDERS }  
No. 32

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY  
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**MERITORIOUS UNIT COMMENDATION.**—By direction of the Secretary of the Army, under AR 220-315, the Meritorious Unit Commendation is awarded to the following units of the United States Army for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding service during the periods indicated. The citations read as follows:

1. *Headquarters and Headquarters Company, Korean Communications Zone*, is cited for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services in support of combat operations in Korea during the period 1 August 1952 to 31 January 1954. By performing extensive essential planning and programming for the immediate and anticipated logistical needs of Eighth Army and all other United Nations' forces in Korea, *Headquarters and Headquarters Company, Korean Communications Zone*, successfully provided for any tactical exigency. Through the aggressive determination of its members in refusing to let any obstacle, no matter how formidable, affect the efficiency of the company, it attained a superior record of achievement by expeditiously handling and distributing supplies, which contributed greatly to the combat readiness, health, welfare, and morale of the individual combat soldier. In addition, the company maintained custody of all Chinese and North Korean prisoners of war, and aided the Republic of Korea in rebuilding its war-torn and economically depleted country. It planned, supervised and administered functions throughout the command so effectively that all of these major missions were accomplished in a manner which enhanced the position of the United Nations in the eyes of the world and aided materially in strengthening its stand against the forces of communism. Similarly, internationally significant operations of a highly sensitive nature, such as Little Swap, Big Swap and Reclaim which provided for the exchange and disposition of prisoners of war, were planned and coordinated under the supervision of the company with outstanding success. *Headquarters and Headquarters Company, Korean Communications Zone*, consistently displayed exemplary devotion to duty in the performance of exceptionally difficult tasks, materially furthering the United Nations' first armed bid for world peace. The loyalty, initiative, and esprit de corps exhibited by members of this company reflect great credit on themselves and the military service of the United States. (General Orders 72, *Headquarters United States Army Forces, Far East*, 11 March 1954.)

2. The *1st Base Post Office* is cited for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services in support of combat operations in Korea from 10 February 1953 to 9 February 1954. During this period the *1st Base Post Office* operated with outstanding efficiency under extremely difficult and trying conditions. Displaying unusual resourcefulness and a high standard of operational effectiveness, the unit overcame all obstacles with aggressive determination, attaining a superior record of achievement in expeditiously handling and dispatching mail. Despite intense tactical operations and severe weather conditions, mail was delivered with certainty, celerity and security, enhancing the morale of the individual combat soldier. The consistent efficiency and diligence with which all tasks were performed promoted confidence in each unit that mail would be received regardless of circumstances. The *1st Base Post Office* displayed such outstanding devotion to duty in the performance of exceptionally difficult tasks as to set it apart from and above other units with similar missions. The exemplary initiative, esprit de corps and constant concern for the morale of the fighting forces exhibited by members of this unit con-

tributed significantly to the United Nations' first armed bid for world peace, reflecting great credit on themselves and the military service of the United States. (*General Orders 79, Headquarters United States Army Forces, Far East, 19 March 1954.*)

3. The *2d Counter Intelligence Corps Detachment, 2d Infantry Division*, is cited for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding service in the support of combat operations in Korea during the period 1 October 1952 to 31 December 1953. During this period the detachment was assigned the vital task of planning for and carrying out such action as was necessary to seize and exploit counterintelligence targets within the 2d Infantry Division sector. Although confronted with personnel shortages, inadequate facilities and adverse operational conditions, the ability of the personnel to extract information from suspected enemy agents, refugees and prisoners of war was outstanding and contributed immeasurably to the mission and security of the division. Especially noteworthy was the ability of all personnel to deliver security lectures, conduct security surveys and inspections, investigate suspected acts of sabotage, espionage and subversion, and check and enforce security measures. The exceptional accomplishment of all assigned duties sets the *2d Counter Intelligence Corps Detachment, 2d Infantry Division*, apart from and above other units with similar missions and the resourcefulness, competence and esprit de corps exhibited by its members throughout this period reflect great credit on themselves and the military service of the United States. (*General Orders 192, Headquarters Eighth United States Army, 7 April 1954.*)

4. The *Headquarters and Headquarters Detachment, 4th Chemical Smoke Generator Battalion* (second award), is cited for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services in support of combat operations in Korea during the period 1 August 1952 to 30 November 1953. Consisting of an average strength of but 17 officers and men, the *Headquarters and Headquarters Detachment, 4th Chemical Smoke Generator Battalion* successfully overcame unusual administrative obstacles, accomplishing missions normally requiring the services of a full headquarters company. Because of the involved tactical situation encountered in the combat zone, the *4th Chemical Smoke Generator Battalion* was divided into units which were relocated at widely separated positions on the line of battle. As a result of this diversification, the detachment was faced with administrative and operational problems which were solved only by the energetic application of the resourcefulness, unwavering efficiency, and collective enthusiasm of the detachment members. In addition, the detachment was obliged to conduct virtually continuous on-the-job training of replacements while concurrently being occupied with its assigned mission. The *Headquarters and Headquarters Detachment, 4th Chemical Smoke Generator Battalion*, displayed such laudable effectiveness in accomplishing its assignment under the pressure of adverse circumstances as to set it apart from and above other units of similar responsibility. The exceptional administrative skill and ingenuity demonstrated by members of this unit reflect great credit on themselves and the military establishment of the United States. (*General Orders 50, Headquarters United States Army Forces, Far East, 18 February 1954, as amended by General Orders 59, Headquarters United States Army Forces, Far East, 26 February 1954.*)

5. The *7th Infantry Division Band* (second award) is cited for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services in support of combat operations in Korea during the period 1 July 1952 to 31 October 1953.

Displaying a unique unity of purpose and at all times fully cognizant of their vital morale-building role, members of the band travelled long distances under adverse conditions to supply entertainment to combat troops. Not satisfied with average accomplishments, the band consistently attempted to do all in its power, both on a unit and an individual basis, to assure superior performance and to welcome visiting dignitaries. The *7th Infantry Division Band* displayed such outstanding devotion to duty in the performance of its tasks as to set it apart from and above other units with similar missions. The esprit de corps, diligence, and ability exhibited by members of this organization throughout this period reflect great credit on themselves and the military service of the United States. (*General Orders 119, Headquarters Eighth United States Army, 13 March 1954.*)

6. The *Eighth United States Army Flight Detachment* (second award) is cited for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services in support of combat operations in Korea during the period 2 August 1952 to 31 January 1954. Responsible for furnishing general observation, air transport, limited aerial photography, emergency air evacuation and courier service for Headquarters Eighth Army, the detachment consistently performed its duties in an exemplary manner, even though the accomplishment of its mission demanded tireless effort and a high degree of technical skill on the part of the maintenance personnel, and often, operation under extremely adverse and hazardous conditions. Although the mission assigned to the members of the detachment was primarily administrative, they were frequently called upon to accomplish liaison with units operating in extreme forward areas which were normally considered to be inaccessible to the low performance aircraft assigned to the unit. These missions were, in all cases, undertaken without hesitancy and with the utmost self-assurance and accomplished with consummate skill. Their efforts permitted key personnel of the headquarters to become intimately acquainted with the tactical situation of even small units along the entire front, thus assisting immeasurably in the forming of correct tactical decisions. The *Eighth United States Army Flight Detachment* displayed such outstanding devotion to duty in the performance of its exceptionally difficult tasks to set it apart and above other units with similar missions. The outstanding ability, esprit de corps, and tireless devotion to duty exhibited by the members of this detachment reflect great credit on themselves and the military service of the United States. (*General Orders 171, Headquarters Eighth United States Army, 31 March 1954.*)

7. The *Headquarters and Headquarters Detachment, 13th Quartermaster Battalion* (second award) is cited for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services in support of combat operations in Korea during the period 10 September 1953 to 10 March 1954. Members of this detachment coordinated the administration, supply and operations of four Quartermaster companies operating 12 class I and III supply points, as well as a bakery and a refrigeration company. Although hindered by a shortage of established transportation facilities and the fact that component units and supply points were widely separated, effective control was exercised over subordinate units and excellent liaison with other comparable units was maintained. Through the efforts of the members of this detachment, all supported troops were insured a maximum issue of fresh meats and other perishables with minimum delay. The *Headquarters and Headquarters Detachment, 13th Quartermaster Battalion*, displayed such outstanding devotion to duty in the performance of exceptionally difficult tasks as to set it apart from and above other units with similar missions.

The initiative, devotion to mission, and esprit de corps exhibited by members of this detachment throughout this period reflect great credit on themselves and the military service of the United States. (*General Orders 186, Headquarters Eighth United States Army, 5 April 1954.*)

8. The *25th Quartermaster Company, 25th Infantry Division* (third award), is cited for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services in support of combat operations in Korea during the period 1 February 1951 to 27 July 1953. Throughout this period, Quartermaster supply operations were consistently and effectively performed in a superior manner despite extremely adverse weather conditions. Through the resourcefulness and ingenuity of the members of this unit, means were improvised whereby equipment was transported without delay, often under the most difficult circumstances. The outstanding performance of the members of this unit enabled them to overcome such barriers as poor road conditions, constantly flooded streams, and parts shortages which normally would have impeded their vital functions. The *25th Quartermaster Company, 25th Infantry Division*, was so outstanding in devotion to duty and in the performance of exceptionally difficult tasks as to set it above and apart from other units with a similar mission. The concerted effort, diligence and loyalty, displayed by the members of this company throughout this period reflect great credit on themselves and the military service of the United States. (*General Orders 186, Headquarters Eighth United States Army, 15 March 1954.*)

9. The *Headquarters and Headquarters Detachment, 30th Medical Group*, is cited for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services in support of combat operations in Korea from 4 June 1953 to 31 January 1954. Through the diligent efforts of assigned personnel, the *Headquarters and Headquarters Detachment, 30th Medical Group*, skillfully coordinated the administration and operations of 71 separate medical units. In addition, it coordinated the evacuation of casualties across the entire battle front, and directed the movement of medical units to insure adequate medical support to all units throughout the Eighth Army area. Despite a wide dispersal of units and constant changes in the needs and location of supported units, commitments were always met and prompt evacuation and medical treatment were assured combat organization at all times. The *Headquarters and Headquarters Detachment, 30th Medical Group*, displayed such outstanding devotion to duty in the performance of exceptionally difficult tasks as to set it apart from and above other units with similar missions. The initiative, cooperation, and esprit de corps exhibited by members of this detachment contributed significantly to the United Nations first armed bid for world peace and reflect great credit on themselves and the military service of the United States.

10. The *Headquarters and Headquarters Detachment, 34th Medical Battalion (Separate)*, is cited for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services in support of combat operations in Korea during the period 14 April 1953 to 31 January 1954. Responsible for command, administration, organizational maintenance and logistical support for separate medical companies and other separate medical units, repatriation of United Nations prisoners of war, and the establishment and operation of the Eighth Army Medical Training Center, the members of this organization diligently applied themselves to the successful consummation of their mission. Despite many obstacles such as climatic conditions, difficult terrain, shortage of vehicles and a rapid turnover of personnel, they performed their duties without regard for

their own safety, health, or welfare and willingly accepted any task assigned them. Called on to work many additional hours to properly staff and supervise subordinate units, all personnel accepted these added responsibilities willingly. The *Headquarters and Headquarters Detachment, 34th Medical Battalion (Separate)*, displayed such outstanding devotion to duty in the performance of exceptionally difficult tasks as to set it apart from and above other units with similar missions. The professional ability, esprit de corps, and compassionate regard for the welfare of their patients exhibited by all members throughout this period reflect great credit on themselves and the military service of the United States. (*General Orders 185, Headquarters Eighth United States Army, 5 April 1954.*)

11. *Headquarters and Headquarters Company, 60th Ordnance Group*, is cited for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services in support of combat operations in Korea, from 25 September 1950 to 28 February 1954. Responsible for supporting a major portion of United Nations units, members of the unit devoted their skills and abilities to effect high standards of vehicle maintenance and availability, despite problems engendered by excessive workloads and shortage of key personnel and technicians. Through a sound system of lateral supply, they minimized deadlined ordnance items and insured maximum combat-ready vehicles at all times. In addition to the assigned mission, the unit implemented a program for the rehabilitation of World War II vehicles for delivery to the Republic of Korea Army ordnance system. Similarly, schools were established to orient Republic of Korea personnel in United States ordnance operations and to provide cadres of trained men to organize national ordnance units. The exemplary contributions and esprit de corps of the *Headquarters and Headquarters Company, 60th Ordnance Groups*, furthered the United Nations' campaign for world peace, reflecting great credit on its members individually and collectively and upholding the esteemed traditions of the military service. (*General Orders 102, Headquarters United States Army Forces, Far East, 7 April 1954.*)

12. The *64th Field Hospital* (second award) is cited for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services in support of combat operations in Korea, from 10 February 1953 to 16 September 1953. Assigned the responsibility of operating a 5,000 bed prisoner of war hospital and providing medical support for over 15,000 United Nations Command personnel as well as over 75,000 Communist prisoners of war, the hospital consistently performed its mission in a superior manner. Although it operated under extremely adverse conditions and was constantly handicapped by a shortage of trained personnel, the organization successfully carried out a task usually performed by a much larger unit. It played a vital role in the operations for the repatriation of prisoners of war, carefully processing all records and preparing over 5,600 sick and wounded Communist prisoners of war for shipment during "Operation Little Switch," and over 2,600 prisoners during "Operation Big Switch." In addition, the hospital provided trained medical personnel to serve as escorts enroute to the prisoner of war exchange points and rendered outstanding medical service at the holding camps in the Munsan-Panmunjom area. The *64th Field Hospital* displayed such outstanding devotion to duty in the performance of exceptionally difficult tasks as to set it apart and above other units with similar missions. The initiative, professional ability, and esprit de corps exhibited by members of this hospital reflect great credit on themselves and the military service.

13. The 66th Ordnance Battalion (*Maintenance and Supply*) and the following assigned units:

- Headquarters and Headquarters Detachment, 66th Ordnance Battalion* (second award);
- 7th Ordnance Company (Direct Support)* (third award);
- 19th Ordnance Company (Direct Support)*;
- 31st Ordnance Company (Direct Support)*;
- 545th Ordnance Company (Direct Automotive Support)* (second award);
- 937th Ordnance Heavy Automotive Maintenance Company* (second award);
- 34th Ordnance Depot Company (Army)*,

are cited for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services in support of combat operations in Korea during the period 1 November 1952 to 31 October 1953. Charged with providing direct ordnance maintenance and supply services to non-divisional units within the IX and X United States Corps areas and the Eighth United States Army service area, the battalion overcame formidable obstacles in successfully discharging its assignment. Although hampered by a shortage of personnel, inadequate supplies and various extremes of weather, the unit functioned on a 24 hour a day basis in effectively handling a work load far in excess of that normally assigned to an organization of its size. Through the initiative and ability of unit personnel, the battalion established an exceptional rebuild program for hydromatic transmissions which materially reduced the deadline of M21-series vehicles in the Eighth United States Army area and instituted and perfected a lateral supply system providing parts for an excellent 1-day automotive maintenance and repair project. The 66th Ordnance Battalion (*Maintenance and Supply*) and assigned units displayed such outstanding devotion to duty in the performance of exceptionally difficult tasks as to set it apart from and above other units with similar missions. The initiative, technical knowledge and esprit de corps exhibited by members of this battalion throughout this period reflect great credit on themselves and the military service. (*General Orders 14, Headquarters Eighth United States Army, 12 January 1954.*)

14. The *Headquarters and Headquarters Detachment, 91st Military Police Battalion*, is cited for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding service in support of military operations during active hostilities and following the post armistice period in Korea, from 1 July 1953 to 31 January 1954. In addition to performing normal military police functions, the detachment was charged with the responsibility of rendering administrative and logistical support to five military police companies, one transportation heavy truck company, one medical detachment, the Pusan Military Post Stockade, and the Office of the Provost Marshal. Although constantly hampered by rotation of key personnel and continual increase in commitments, members of the detachment demonstrated outstanding initiative and unstinting devotion to duty in carrying out their duties, while simultaneously conducting an on-the-job training program for replacements. In addition to its primary mission, the detachment efficiently operated a post exchange, laundry, theater, motor pool and personnel section, providing the highest standards of service and welfare activities for assigned units. The commendable performance of all phases of military police activities, as well as the enviable record of individual discipline and morale, was such as to set the detachment apart and above other units with a similar mission. The resourcefulness, cooperation, and esprit de corps exhibited by members of the *Headquarters and Headquarters Detachment, 91st Military Police Battalion*, reflect great credit on themselves and the military service of the United States. (*General Orders 85, Headquarters United States Army Forces, Far East, 24 March 1954.*)

15. The *92d Chemical Service Company* (third award) is cited for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services in support of combat operations in Korea during the period 28 July 1953 to 20 March 1954. Responsible for operating the Eighth Army Chemical Depot, three sub-depots, six chemical sections of Ordnance ammunition supply points, and a maintenance section, the company carried out its duties in a superior manner. During the trying post-armistice period a complete inspection of all Chemical Corps materiel, ammunition and equipment was conducted to determine its state of readiness. The maintenance section repaired and reissued huge quantities of this equipment failing to pass the inspection and overhauled and fired every flame thrower on issue. Working throughout the entire Eighth Army area in support of many more troops than normal for a unit its size, an outstanding record of safety was compiled in the operation of supply vehicles in the face of rugged terrain and adverse weather conditions. Despite an extremely heavy work load already carried by all personnel, three Republic of Korea service companies were thoroughly trained in the intricacies of chemical maintenance. Although understrength and hampered by a rapid turnover of personnel, the *92d Chemical Service Company*, the only one of its type in Korea, displayed outstanding devotion to duty in the performance of exceptionally difficult tasks. The resourcefulness, initiative and esprit de corps exhibited by the members of the company throughout this period reflect great credit on themselves and the military service of the United States. (*General Orders 198, Headquarters Eighth United States Army, 9 April 1954.*)

16. The *96th Machine Records Unit and the 8236th Army Unit Augmentation* are cited for exceptionally meritorious conduct of outstanding service in support of combat operations in Korea, from 1 January to 27 July 1953. The units collected, audited, and compiled detailed personnel, organizational, and equipment statistical data for Department of the Army and Headquarters, United States Army Forces, Far East, which were used as the basis for requisitioning replacements and materiel for tactical units in Korea. In addition, they accurately accounted for Army dependent and civilian employee personnel, combat equipment losses, and battle casualties. Confronted with the necessity to meet stringent deadlines when providing personnel and equipment status, the units operated on a 24-hour, 7-day week schedule, successfully accomplishing all assignments. Assigned the task of reflecting true effective combat strength for personnel requirements, the units established a procedure whereby patients and returnees were transferred from strength accountability of combat organizations simultaneously with their physical movement. Instituting rigid controls and meticulous audit procedures, they provided comprehensive reports reflecting requirements, enabling commanders to receive replacements with minimum delay. The esprit de corps and outstanding contributions of members of the *96th Machine Records Unit and the 8236th Army Unit Augmentation* reflect great credit on themselves and the military service. (*General Orders 102, Headquarters United States Army Forces, Far East, 7 April 1954.*)

17. The *98th Engineer Aerial Photo Reproduction Company* (second award) is cited for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services in support of combat operations in Korea during the period 2 September 1953 to 12 March 1954. Assigned the task of producing all Eighth Army intelligence photos for corps and divisions, the members of this company consistently attended to the countless and often extremely difficult duties in an outstanding manner. Exhibiting at all times an exemplary diligence and devotion to duty, the personnel of this unit evoked the highest praise from those observing their operations. This being the only unit of its kind in Eighth United States Army, many difficult problems had to be solved without the aid of precedent, but the

superior skill and technical knowledge aggregated in this unit evolved detailed analyses and experiments which produced expeditious and thorough solutions. Through the efforts of men of this organization, a mobile reproduction unit was set up for experimental purposes and modified until its use met with outstanding success under field conditions. The officers and enlisted men of the *98th Engineer Aerial Photo Reproduction Company* displayed such outstanding devotion to duty in the superior performance of exceptionally difficult tasks as to contribute greatly to the overall mission of the United Nations forces in Korea. The initiative, esprit de corps, and genuinely high morale exhibited by members of this organization throughout this period reflect great credit on themselves and the military service of the United States. (*General Orders 187, Headquarters Eighth United States Army, 5 April 1954.*)

18. The *201st Counter Intelligence Corps Detachment* is cited for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services in support of combat operations in Korea during the period 1 January to 31 December 1953. Through superior knowledge and use of investigative techniques, agents were able to supply timely and highly valuable information to the United Nations Command. Information gathered from enemy agents, North Korean infiltrators, refugees, and enemy prisoners of war aided materially the effectiveness of United Nations combat units. Over and above the primary function of effecting the counter espionage mission, security surveys and inspections were conducted, potentially subversive demonstrations were covered, security coverage was afforded visiting dignitaries and thousands of indigenous employees were screened. In addition, through minute coverage of a highly populated area, information of political and economic importance was gathered, making possible a better understanding of current trends and opinions by the command as a whole. The *201st Counter Intelligence Corps Detachment* displayed such outstanding devotion to duty in the performance of unusually difficult tasks as to set it apart from and above other units with similar missions. The resourcefulness, ability, and esprit de corps exhibited by the members of the detachment throughout this period reflect great credit on themselves and the military service of the United States. (*General Orders 197, Headquarters Eighth United States Army, 9 April 1954.*)

19. The *207th Medical Detachment (Preventive Medicine Survey)* (second award), is cited for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services in support of combat operations in Korea during the period 1 September 1952 to 31 January 1954. Throughout this period the detachment successfully completed assignments usually requiring the service of a much larger organization. Traveling thousands of miles throughout the combat zone, the members of this unit collected arthropods of medical importance which contributed materially to the success of the United Nations preventive medicine program. They continued to expose themselves to the dangers inherent in the handling of rodents to collect ectoparasites which are suspected vectors of hemorrhagic fever to amass data of importance in the study of that disease. Simultaneously pioneer studies in specific habitats of mosquitoes and distribution of black flies were carried forth in large volume. In addition, they performed many special technical missions, the successful completion of which required work of most painstaking and skillful nature by personnel who were untrained prior to assignment with the unit. The *207th Medical Detachment (Preventive Medicine Survey)* displayed such outstanding devotion to duty in the performance of exceptionally difficult tasks as to set it apart from and above other units with similar missions. The outstanding ability and determination of purpose displayed by the members of this detachment throughout this period reflect great credit on themselves and the military service of the United



States. (*General Orders 172, Headquarters Eighth United States Army, 31 March 1954.*)

20. The *289th Military Police Company* (second award) is cited for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services in Korea in support of combat and post-combat operations during the period of 1 July to 31 December 1953. Assigned the difficult mission of providing Provost Marshal services in the cities of Kunsan, Masan and Sokcho-Ri and of support of the 560th Military Police Company in providing Provost Marshal services for the city of Pusan, Korea, this company performed all tasks assigned it in a superior manner, despite seemingly insurmountable obstacles. The members of the company were responsible for the recovery of United States property valued at \$127,344.64. With the company segmented into many detachments, some of which were hundreds of miles apart, it maintained an outstanding record for conduct, appearance, and performance of duty. The esprit de corps, initiative, and determination of the members of the *289th Military Police Company* contributed materially in the furtherance of the overall mission of the United Nations Command in Korea, reflecting great credit on themselves and the military service of the United States. (*General Orders 77, Headquarters United States Army Forces, Far East, 17 March 1954.*)

21. The *293d Quartermaster Graves Registration Company* (third award) is cited for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services in support of military operations in Korea during the period 1 August 1953 to 31 January 1954. Faced with a multiplicity of tasks during the post-armistice period, and required at times to serve all Eighth Army units wherever located, the company accomplished each assignment in a superior manner. Primarily, because of the care exercised by personnel of the company in planning and supervising the clearance of the demilitarized zone of remains of deceased personnel, this project was pushed to early completion, with every possible aid to identification thoroughly investigated and reported. At the same time, search and recovery teams were clearing, by physical search and interview, 100 square miles of territory under Eighth Army jurisdiction, in an effort to locate remains of United States personnel reported missing in action. The forms and reports devised by the company for various battlefield clearance programs were so complete and concise as to be adopted for use by all graves registration companies in the Eighth Army area. Meanwhile, the company processed the remains of over 500 United Nations soldiers in a most efficient and dignified manner. In addition, 1300 lots of personal effects were received, safeguarded, and dispatched without incident. The *293d Quartermaster Graves Registration Company* displayed such outstanding devotion to duty in the performance of exceptionally difficult tasks as to set it apart from and above other units with similar missions. The diligence, ability, and the determination of purpose exhibited by members of this company reflect great credit on themselves and the military service of the United States. (*General Orders 160, Headquarters Eighth United States Army, 27 March 1954.*)

22. The *336th Engineer Utility Detachment* (second award) is cited for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services in support of combat operations in Korea during the period 1 May 1952 to 28 February 1954. Responsible for carrying out all phases of Post Engineer service to Headquarters Eighth United States Army, the members of the unit consistently attended the countless and often difficult tasks involved in rendering necessary utility maintenance and repair with facility and diligence. Although many of the assigned projects were beyond the normal capabilities of a unit of this type, they were nevertheless undertaken and were always completed in an expeditious manner. By improvising and calling upon the knowledge and ingenuity of its

members, all complicated problems facing them were overcome quickly and efficiently despite being constantly handicapped by shortages of proper supplies, equipment, and materiel. The exceptional accomplishment of all assigned duties sets the 336th Engineer Utility Detachment apart from and above other units with similar missions, and the resourcefulness, competence and esprit de corps exhibited by its members throughout this period reflect great credit on themselves and the military service of the United States. (*General Orders 194, Headquarters Eighth United States Army, 7 April 1954.*)

23. The 401st Chemical Technical Service Intelligence Detachment (third award), with the 503d Chemical Technical Intelligence Detachment (second award), attached, is cited for exceptionally meritorious service in support of military operations against an armed enemy in Korea during the period 1 June 1953 to 28 February 1954. Through associations with United Nations units across the entire front, the detachment collected, evaluated, and interpreted vital intelligence information concerning enemy chemical, biological, and radiological training, equipment, and capabilities, by interrogation of prisoners of war and research on captured materiel and documents. After the cessation of armed hostilities, the detachment conducted an intensive training program for its own unit, and diligently trained, through interpreters, two Republic of Korea Chemical Technical Intelligence Detachments, in addition to assisting in the training of other United Nations personnel in chemical, biological, and radiological defense. Although operating over an area much larger than expected of a unit its size, the detachment consistently maintained an efficient and versatile unit and enthusiastically exhibited sincere willingness to assume additional responsibilities. The 401st Chemical Technical Service Intelligence Detachment and the attached 503d Chemical Technical Intelligence Detachment displayed such outstanding devotion to duty in the performance of unusually difficult tasks as to set them apart from and above other units with similar missions. The loyalty, inspiring esprit de corps, and technical proficiency exhibited by members of these detachments reflect great credit on themselves and the military service of the United States. (*General Orders 125, Headquarters Eighth United States Army, 15 March 1954.*)

24. The 563d Military Police Company, 91st Military Police Battalion, is cited for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services in support of military operations in Korea, during the period 1 August 1953 to 31 January 1954. Assigned the mission of rendering military police protection to the refugee-crowded city of Pusan and concurrently providing administrative personnel and physical security to the Korean Base Section Stockade, the company's personnel worked zealously to control traffic, enforce military laws, order and regulations, and accomplish a variety of similar essential services. Maintaining constant vigilance in the prevention of vice and crime and insuring optimum security at vital installations, the unit willingly assumed innumerable additional tasks despite an acute shortage of manpower, performing escort duty for the Neutral Nations Inspection Teams at Kangnung and other important visiting United Nations dignitaries, and providing outstanding assistance during the disastrous Pusan fire in November 1953. The 563d Military Police Company, 91st Military Police Battalion, displayed such outstanding devotion to duty in the performance of exceptionally difficult tasks as to set it apart and above other units with similar missions. The resourcefulness, initiative, and esprit de corps exhibited by members of this company reflect great credit on themselves and the military service of the United States. (*General Orders 77, Headquarters United States Army Forces, Far East, 17 March 1954.*)

25. The 570th Ordnance Company (Direct Automotive Support) is cited for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services

in support of combat operations in Korea during the period 1 March to 31 December 1953. The company was charged with providing direct ordnance maintenance and supply support to wheel vehicles and small arms in the various service organizations assigned to the unit. The density of these organizations more than tripled the number normally assigned to a unit of this type. In addition to performing its normal duties in an exemplary manner, the unit engaged in repair of World War II vehicles for issue to the Republic of Korea Army and the processing and issue of new M-series vehicles. Despite hindering obstacles of untrained personnel and a shortage of parts, repairs and maintenance of all types of wheel vehicles and small arms was accomplished in a minimum of time. In addition, the personnel worked beyond the normal working hours in order to surmount these barriers and accomplish the mission. The *570th Ordnance Company (Direct Automotive Support)* displayed such outstanding devotion to duty in the performance of exceptionally difficult tasks as to set it above and apart from other units with a similar mission. The concerted effort, diligence, and loyalty displayed by members of this company throughout this period reflect great credit on themselves and the military service of the United States. (*General Orders 123, Headquarters Eighth United States Army, 15 March 1954.*)

26. The *705th Counter Intelligence Corps Detachment* (second award) is cited for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding service in Korea during the period 1 April 1953 to 17 February 1954. As an operating Counter Intelligence Corps agency, it actively participated in effectively counter-espionage, sabotage, and subversive activities by enemy forces opposing the United Nations Command. Operating on a high-level plane of the Army organizational structure, personnel of this detachment brought to a successful conclusion cases requiring the utmost in discretion, professional skill and resourcefulness. Under exceptionally difficult circumstances as occasioned by time, workload, and shortage of operating personnel coupled with successive turnovers in personnel, the objectives and missions of this unit were nevertheless completed in such a superior manner as to set this detachment apart from and above units with similar missions. While performing its primary mission of security of Eighth United States Army units and installations within its area of jurisdiction, the detachment carried a heavy additional load of lesser projects which it completed with distinction. The perseverance, skill, devotion to duty, and esprit de corps exhibited by members of the *705th Counter Intelligence Corps Detachment*, throughout this period reflect great credit on themselves and the military service of the United States. (*General Orders 124, Headquarters Eighth United States Army, 15 March 1954.*)

27. The *Pusan Replacement Depot, 8069th Army Unit* (second award), is cited for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services in support of combat and post-truce operations in Korea, from 1 May 1951 to 30 September 1953. During this period, the *Pusan Replacement Depot, 8069th Army Unit* operated an extensive replacement and rotation system for United Nations' personnel, establishing effective mess, recreational and educational facilities and evolving comprehensive orientation programs for replacements and rotatees. In addition to the normal replacement system, the organization equipped and shipped hospital returnees to their units, supervised the operation of five troop trains and provided for implementation of the rotation system direct to the zone of interior. The *Pusan Replacement Depot, 8069th Army Unit*, displayed such outstanding devotion to duty in the performance of exceptionally difficult tasks as to set it apart and above other units with similar missions. The administrative ability, initiative and high degree of esprit de corps exhibited by members of the depot reflect great credit on themselves and the military service of the United States.

28. *Headquarters Special Troops and Headquarters Special Troops Augmentation, 8207th Army Unit, Eighth United States Army* (second award), is cited for meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding service in support of combat operations from 1 April 1953 to 31 January 1954. Responsible for providing billeting, messing and logistical support for Headquarters, Eighth Army, and security for the Army Commander, members of the unit met all commitments in an outstanding manner. In addition, they administered service records on a continuing basis for hundreds of officers and thousands of enlisted men, and interviewed individuals and coordinated matters pertaining to pay, allotments, insurance, investigations, assignments, and rotation of personnel. The commendable achievements and esprit de corps of the *Headquarters Special Troops and Headquarters Special Troops Augmentation, 8207th Army Unit, Eighth United States Army*, contributed materially to the United Nations campaign against aggression, reflecting great credit on its members individually and collectively and upholding the esteemed traditions of the military service.

29. The *8621st Administrative Area Unit* is cited for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services in support of combat operations in Korea, during the period 27 June 1950 to 31 July 1953. With highly technical ingenuity, conscientious effort and a determination to successfully accomplish a vital classified intelligence mission, members of the *8621st Administrative Area Unit* established plans and policies of operation which resulted in the production of intelligence of immeasurable value to the United Nations Command and the Eighth United States Army. Through the application of new techniques devised by unit personnel, precise and timely information was obtained concerning the strategic and tactical capabilities and deployment of the enemy. This revolutionary method of collecting tactical intelligence frequently produced material of such importance that the outcome of major engagements was resolved in favor of the United Nations Command. In addition, the unit conducted a comprehensive study of methods and means to improve communication security within all Army units throughout the Far East Command, successfully reducing communication security violations and establishing improved procedures to assure maximum safeguarding of communications. The *8621st Administrative Area Unit* displayed such outstanding devotion to duty in the performance of exceptionally difficult and sensitive tasks as to set it apart and above other units with similar missions. The zeal, unity of purpose, skill, and initiative exhibited by members of this unit reflect great credit on themselves and the military service of the United States. (*General Orders 79, Headquarters United States Army Forces, Far East, 19 March 1954.*)

BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE ARMY:

OFFICIAL:

JOHN A. KLEIN,  
Major General, United States Army,  
Acting The Adjutant General.

RIDGWAY,  
United States Army,  
Chief of Staff.

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