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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

1._SILVER STAR.—By direction of the President, under the provisions of the act of Congress approved 9 July 1918 (Bul. 43, WD, 1918), the Silver Star for gallantry in action during the periods indicated is awarded to the following-named officers and enlisted man:

Corporal Ronald P. Allan. Australian New Guinea Administrative Unit, exhibited gallantry in action against an enemy of the United States near Seisie, Bougainville, Solomon Islands, on 31 October 1944. Accompanying a reconnaissance patrol with an American officer, a soldier, and two native guides, while crossing a wide stream, they were fired on by the enemy concealed on the far bank and the officer was wounded seriously. Ten yards from shore, and exposed to fire, Corporal Allan held his position and drew the enemy's fire until the wounded officer could be carried to cover. He then withdrew, and, though wounded, assisted in carrying the officer several hundred yards over rugged terrain to a more secure area. Sending a native boy for help, he administered aid to the wounded officer. Corporal Allan's brave actions in diverting hostile fire until the wounded officer could be removed reflect credit on himself and the military service.

Major General E. L. Bois. British Army, exhibited gallantry in action against an enemy of the United States during airborne landings in the European Theater on 24 March 1945.

Brigadier General K. Bourne, British Army, exhibited gallantry in action against an enemy of the United States during airborne landings in the European Theater on 24 March 1945.

Brigadier General S. J. L. Hill. British Army, exhibited gallantry in action against an enemy of the United States during airborne landings in the European Theater on 24 March 1945.

Captain Joseph J. Scarson. Australian New Guinea Administrative Unit, exhibited gallantry in action in New Guinea on 4 July 1944. When an advanced base was needed for the location of important signal equipment, it was necessary to send a patrol to determine whether the area desired was occupied by the enemy. Captain Scarson volunteered to act as interpreter and to control the native scouts on the reconnaisance patrol sent to Tarawai Island, north of But, New Guinea. When the group, consisting of six men, landed at dawn, it encountered about 20 enemy troops and engaged in a fire fight with them. Although his mission with the patrol was as interpreter only, he took a prominent part in the combat action and assisted in making a safe withdrawal to a waiting PT boat. Through his gallantry in volunteering to accompany the patrol on a hazardous mission and his courage in combat with the enemy, Captain Scarson contributed much to the securing of vital operational intelligence.

Major General Tang Shou-Chin, Chinese Army in India, in the North Burma Campaign, displayed gallantry at Namyu, Kaihtik, and Namhkam, from 1 December 1944 to 15 January 1945. As commanding general of the 30th Division, Chinese Army in India, he, at the risk of his life, chose to direct operations in

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the front lines under heavy enemy fire and unusual hazards of terrain. By personal leadership and brilliant generalship, he inspired his troops in the speedy capture of and sweeping victories at Namyu, Kaihtik, and Namlukam. The courage and devotion to duty displayed by General Tang reflect highest credit on himself and exemplify the highest traditions of the Chinese armed forces.

II.LEGION OF MERIT.—1. By direction of the President, under the provisions of the act of Congress approved 20 July 1942 (sec. III, Bul. 30, WD, 1942) and Executive Order 9260, 29 October 1942 (sec. I, Bul. 54, WD, 1942), the Legion of Merit, in the Degree of Commander, for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding service during the periods indicated is awarded-to the following-named officers and individual:

Major General Luis Larrea Alba, Ecuadoran Army. September 1944 to

Air Vice Marshal N. R. Anderson, Royal Canadian Air Force. December 1941 to December 1943.

Air Vice Marshal Goeffrey R. Bromet, Royal Air Force. November 1948 to June 1944.

Ingenieur General Gaston de Verbigier de Saint Paul, French Army. July 1945 to June 1947.

Ingenieur General Georges Dupuy, French Army, July 1945 to June 1947.

Air Marshal Harold Edwards, Royal Canadian Air Force. December 1941 to January 1944.

Intendant General Jacques Joseph Huste. French Army. December 1941 to May 1945.

Air Vice Marshal A. L. Jumes, Royal Canadian Air Force. November 1942 to December 1943.

Lieutenant General Sir John Dudley Lavarack, Australian Imperial Forces.

March 1944 to March 1946.

Lieutenant Colonel John Carl Murchic, Canadian Army. February 1942 to January 1947.

Major General Roman Władysław Odzierzynski. Polish Army. January 1944 to 2 May 1945.

Major General Bronislaw Rakowski. Polish Army. January 1944 to 2 May 1945.

Sir Edward A. B. Rice. Royal Air Force. 1 January to 29 July 1942.

Division General E Vavra, Czechoslovakian Army. July to November 1945.

Major General *Kazimiarz Wisnicwski*, Pollsh Army. January 1944 to 2 May 1945.

2. By direction of the President, under the provisions of the act of Congress approved 20 July 1942 (sec. III, Bul. 40, WD, 1942) and Executive Order 9260, 29 October 1942 (sec. I, Bul. 54, WD, 1942), the Legion of Merit, in the Degree of Officer, for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding service during the periods indicated is awarded to the following-named officers:

Lieutenant Colonel Gonzalez Chavez y Acosta, Cuban Army Air Force.

March 1945 to March 1946.

- Lieutenant Colonel Jerzy Anders, Polish Army. January 1944 to 2 May 1945.
- Colonel Wincenty Bakiewicz, Polish Army. January 1944 to 2 May 1945.
 Air Commodore Frank Beaumont, Royal Air Force. February 1944 to May 1945.
- Lieutenant Colonel Adam Biclinski, Polish Army. January 1944 to 2 May 1945.
- Colonel Władusław Bobinski, Polish Army. January 1944 to 2 May 1945.
- Lieutenant Colonel Michael Brzozowski, Polish Army. 10 November 1944 to 2 May 1945.
- Major Stanislaw Faliszewski, Polish Army. January 1944 to 2 May 1945.
- Major Leon Firesyk, Polish Army. January 1944 to 2 May 1945.
- Lieutenant Colonel Leon Fudakowski, Polish Army. January 1944 to 2 May 1945.
- Wing Commander Esmond Allen Gibson, Royal New Zealand Air Force. December 1941 to July 1942.
- Lieutenant Colonel Leon Gnatowski, Polish Army. January 1944 to 2 May 1945.
- Capitaine de Fregate Jean Paul Guede, French Navy. June 1946 to June 1947.
- Major Czeslaw Hanus, Polish Army. January 1944 to 2 May 1945.
- Intendant General de Première Classe Henri Jacques, French Army. October 1943 to 1 October 1944.
- Lieutenant Colonel Zivan Knezevich, Royal Yugoslav Army. As Military Attaché to the Royal Yugoslav Embassy in Washington, D. C.
- Colonel Marian Korcwo, Polish Army. 1 January 1944 to 2 May 1945.
- Lieutenant Colonel Tadcuss Link, Polish Army. January 1944 to 2 May 1945.
- Colonel W. Ladimir J. Ludwig, Polish Army. January 1944 to 2 May 1945. Colonel Adrian Marchand, Polish Army. January 1944 to 2 May 1945.
- Brigadier John Victor McCormack, British Army. November 1942 to May 1945.
- Brigadier Clarence Sparks McKee, Canadian Army. May 1944 to January
- Colonel Witolda Nowina-Sawicki, Polish Army. January 1944 to 2 May 1945.
- Colonel Czeslaw Obtulowicz, Polish Army. January 1944 to 2 May 1945. Lieutenant Colonel Brian W. Rouz, British Army. February 1942 to Sentember 1945.
- Colonel S. Sielceki, Polish Army. January 1944 to 2 May 1945.
- Colonel Stanislaw Skowronski, Polish Army. January 1944 to 2 May 1945.
- Lieutenant Colonel Andrezj Stanczyk, Polish Army. January 1944 to 2 May 1945.
- Brigadier Arthur E. Stokes-Roberts, British Army. 1 October 1942 to 25. August 1946.
- Colonel Leon Strzelecki, Polish Army. January 1944 to 2 May 1945.
- Colonel Hugeniusz Swiccicki, Polish Army. January 1944 to 2 May 1945.

Colonel Jan Smierczyneki, Polish Army. January 1944 to 2 May 1945.
Colonel Antoni Swierzu. Polish Army. January 1944 to 2 May 1945.
Colonel Miguel Monteza Tafur, Peruvian Army. 19 March to 2 April 1945.
Major Josef Turowski, Polish Army. January 1944 to 2 May 1945.
Lieutenant Colonel Jan Walasek, Polish Army. January 1944 to 2 May 1945.

Major Ting-Pang Wang. Chinese Army. February 1943 to December 1945.

3. By direction of the President, under the provisions of the act of Congress approved 20 July 1942 (sec. III, Bul. 40, WD, 1942) and Executive Order 9260, 29 October 1942 (sec. I, Bul. 54, WD, 1942), the Legion of Merit, in the Degree of Legionnaire, for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding service during the period indicated is awarded to the following-named officer:

Squadron Leader John A. Bosman, Royal Air Force. January 1943 to March 1945.

III.-SOLDIER'S MEDAL.—By direction of the President, under the provisions of the act of Congress approved 2 July 1926 (Bul. 8, WD, 1926), the Soldier's Medal for heroism not involving actual conflict with an enemy during the periods indicated is awarded to the following-named officer and enlisted men:

Corporal *Einlau McRae*. Royal Australian Air Force, displayed heroism at Port Moresby, New Guinea, on 18 October 1943. When an airplane crashed into a hillside, with two companions, he rushed toward the burning aircraft in an attempt to remove the trapped pilot. Unmindful of danger from fire and explosion, he worked his way to the cockpit of the airplane and, aided by his companions, succeeded in unfastening the safety belt and removing the body of the pilot. In risking his life in an attempt to save a comrade in arms, Corporal *McRae* demonstrated great and outstanding heroism.

Corporal Laurence J. Milligan (then leading aircraftsman), Royal Australian Air Force, displayed heroism at Port Moresby, New Guinea, on 18 October 1948. When an airplane crashed into a hillside, he, with two companions, rushed toward the burning aircraft in an attempt to remove the trapped pilot. Unmindful of danger from fire and explosion, he worked his way to the cockpit of the airplane and, aided by his companions, succeeded in unfastening the safety belt and removing the body of the pilot. In risking his life in an atempt to save a comrade in arms, Corporal Milligan demonstrated great and outstanding heroism.

Captain John H. Pawson, Australian Imperial Forces, displayed heroism near Lokanu Point, New Guinea, on 14 August 1943. As liaison officer to a United States infantry regiment, he volunteered to rescue the survivors of an American bomber which had crashed in enemy-controlled waters northeast of Dot Island. With two other volunteers he proceeded in a small boat to the crash area. Constantly within range of enemy machine-gun, mortar, and small-arms fire, he first located a life raft abandoned by the survivors. Then, continuing his search, he located the airplane, recovered the survivors, and returned them safely to Nassau Bay. Captain Pawson's voluntary and courageous action was responsible for saving the lives of three members of a bomber crew.

Leading Aircraftsman John Roberts. Royal Australian Air Force, displayed heroism at Port Moresby, New Guinea, on 18 October 1943. When an airplane crashed into a hillside, he, with two companions, rushed toward the burning aircraft in an attempt to remove the trapped pilot. Unmindful of danger from

fire and explosion, he worked his way to the cockpit of the airplane and, aided by his companions, succeeded in unfastening the safety belt and removing the body of the pilot. In risking his life in an attempt to save a comrade in arms, Leading Aircraftsman Roberts demonstrated outstanding heroism.

- IV. BRONZE STAR MEDAL. By direction of the President, under the provisions of Executive Order 9419, 4 February 1944 (sec. II, Bul. 3, WD, 1944), the Bronze Star Medal for meritorious service in connection with military operations against an enemy of the United States during the periods indicated is awarded to the following-named officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men:
 - Captain Harold A. Aiken (then lieutenant), Australian Imperial Forces. 21 January to 28 November 1943 and 28 May to 29 August 1944.
 - First Lieutenant Rubem Percira Argolo, Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
 - Lieutenant Colonel Adalberto Barreto, Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
 - Major John S. Beatty, Australian Inperial Forces. July 1943 to August 1945.
 - Colonel Fernando Lavaquiel Biosca, Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
 - Captain G. Black, Australian Imperial Forces. 20 June to 28 September 1944.
 - Major Ferdinand Georges Bunel, French Army. August 1944 to February 1945.
 - Lieutenant Allan Campbell, Royal Australian Naval Volunteer Reserve.

 January 1943 to January 1944.
 - Sergeant G. Carter. Australian Imperial Forces. May to August 1945. Captain Heleno Source Castelar, Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
 - Lieutenant W. A. Chaffey, Australian Imperial Forces. 9 to 16 April 1945.
 - Colonel Pierre Eugene Charon, French Army, December 1944 to May 1945.
 - Lieutenant Colonel José Manuel Ferreira Coelho, Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
 - Lieutenant Colonel Afonso Henrique de Miranda Correia, Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
 - Major Alvaro de La Roque Couto, Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1946.
 - Captain José Leite Brasiliano Da Costa, Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
 - Major Luiz Gonzana da Rocha, Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
 - Colonel Oditon Gomes da Silva, Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
 - First Lieutenant Eurico Canitulino De Barros, Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
 - Major Tacito Livio Reis de Freitas, Brazilian Army. November to May 1945.

- Captain Adelvio Rarbosa De Lemos Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
- Captain Belarmino Jaume Ribeiro De Mendonca, Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
- Major Gutenberg Kepler Ayres de Miranda, Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
- Lieutenant Colonel Franklin Rodrigues de Morais, Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
- Warrant Officer Arthur N. Dening, Australian Imperial Forces. July 1943 to June 1945.
- Captain Tacito Teofilo Gaspar De Oliveira. Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
- Captain Cerar Montagna De Souza, Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
- Lieutenant S. W. Dodds (then sergeant), Australian Intelligence Corps. December 1944 to June 1945.
- Lieutenant Colonel Altair Franco Ferreira, Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
- Colonel Emilio Maurel Filho, Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
- Major Julio Maximiano Olivier Filho, Brazillan Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
- Technician Fourth Grade Zacarias Flores (6787959) (then private), Philippine Scouts. 8 May 1942 to 20 July 1943.
- Lieutenant Colonel Augusto Fragoso, Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
- Major A. L. Gluth. Australian Imperial Forces. July 1943 to June 1945.
 Lieutenant Benjamin W. G. Hall. Australian Imperial Forces. October 1943 to February 1945.
- Major W. T. Jinkins. Australian Imperial Forces. 20 January to 5 March 1944.
- Captain Darcy Lasaro. Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
- Lieutenant Colonel Joao Manuel Lebrao, Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
- Major José Livio Leste. Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
- Lieutenant J. F. Liddy, Royal Australian Engineers. 9 to 12 January 1945.
- Lieutenant Colonel Floriana da Silva Machado, Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
- Warrant Officer John G. MacKay, Australian New Guinea Administrative Unit. 14 to 18 October 1944.
- Flight Lieutenant George H. R. Marsland, Royal Australian Air Force. 18 February to 30 April 1944,
- Captain Francisco Saraiva Martins, Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
- Major Emygdio da Costa Miranda, Brazilian Army. November 1944 to
- Captain José Sabino Maciel Monteiro, Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.

- First Lieutenant Alacur Leonardo Paes Pereira Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
- Major Abilio Cunha Pontes, Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
- Captain Reunaldo de Oliveira Reis. Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
- Major Aristobulo Codevella Rocha. Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
- Constable Sega, Australian New Guinea Administrative Unit. 22 to 28 September 1944.
- Lieutenant Peter J. Snow, Austrialian Imperial Forces. August 1944 to July 1945.
- First Lieutenant Joan Batista Stavola, Brazilian Army. November 1944 to May 1945.
- Staff Sergeant Lindsay A. Thompson, Australian Imperial Forces. April to August 1944 and April to June 1945.
- Warrant Officer Robert O. Tilley (then sergeant), Australian Imperial Forces. September 1944 to May 1945.
- Licutenant Lionel A. Walker "Royal Australian Naval Volunteer Reserve. May 1943 to September 1944.
- Warrant Officer Walter Wallace. Australian Imperial Forces. July to October 1943.
- Lieutenant Charles H. W. White (then warrant officer), Australian New Guinea Administrative Unit. 29 May to 9 July 1944.
- Captain Norman R. Wilde, Australian New Guinea Administrative Unit. 10 March to 28 April 1945.
- V._BRONZE STAR MEDAL.—By direction of the President, under the provisions of Executive Order 9419, 4 February 1944 (sec. II, Bul. 3, WD, 1944), the Bronze Star Medal for heroic achievement in connection with military operations against an enemy of the United States during the periods indicated is awarded to the following-named officers and enlisted man:

Second Lieutenant Marciano Achanzar O28905, Philippine Army, a member of Company B, 11th Infantry, Philippine Army, distinguished himself by heroic achievement, on 28 December 1941, at Nueva Ecija, Philippine Islands. Detailed to guard a bridge near Zaragoza, he moved his platoon along a stream valley under cover, from where he was able to attack an enemy column in flank. Although greatly outnumbered, his surprise attack threw the enemy into great confusion. Thereafter, he deployed his men and held the bridge against a strong counterattack until all friendly troops had passed over. He then supervised its destruction. Through his heroic leadership, Lieutenant Achanzar made possible the safe withdrawal of a truck column carrying supplies desperately needed by the American-Filipino forces.

Flight Lieutenant Harru Belcher, Royal Australian Air Force, distinguished himself by heroic achievement at Manus Island, Admiralty Group, on 25 March 1944. He commanded a bomb disposal unit attached to an American cavalry brigade advancing near Lorengau Village. A narrow road, forming the only route of advance for tanks, was blocked by a mine field covered by heavy smallarms fire from well-entrenched enemy positions. Flight Lieutenant Beloher voluntarily crawled alone across the exposed road and located and removed the

mines. By his intrepidity in the face of grave danger, he opened a route for a tank attack.

Sergeant Wallis W. Brown, Australian New Guinea Administrative Unit, distinguished himself by heroic achievement at Bougainville, Solomon Islands, from 20 July to 3 August 1944. While attached to American forces, with native scouts, on two occasions he led patrols with marked success. He conducted one patrol deep into hostile territory to investigate enemy activity in the village of Sisivie. Moving along trails unknown to the enemy, the patrol took hostile troops completely by surprise and killed 20 of the enemy. Leading a second patrol to observe results of an air strike, Sergeant Brown discovered an occupied bivouac area, guided his patrol silently into firing position, and attacked and destroyed over 20 troops.

Captain (temporary) John E. Flunn. Australian Imperial Forces, distinguished himself by heroic achievement near Sanananda, New Gulnea, on 19 January 1943. He acted as forward observer for Australian artillery supporting an American attack on a strongly organized enemy defensive position. With complete disregard for personal safety, he made his way through heavy enemy suiper fire to a point well in advance of the American lines. Although wounded, he remained at his post and so successfully coordinated and directed the artillery fire that enemy resistance was completely overcome. Captain Flynn's courageous leadership was a material factor in the success of the Sanananda operation.

Captain K. A. M. Hirschel. Australian Imperial Forces, distinguished himself by heroic achievement in connection with military operations against the enemy near Sanananda, New Guinea, from 13 to 19 January 1948. As observer for an Australian artillery unit, he repeatedly moved in advance of the most forward American troops to direct an artillery barrage against enemy positions. Alamerican troops to machine-gun and sniper fire, he remained within 35 yards of forward enemy positions. By his coolness and daring, Captain Hirschel made a substantial contribution to the successful support of the Sanananda operations.

BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE ARMY:

OFFICIAL:

EDWARD F. WITSELL Major General The Adjutant General DWIGHT D. HISENHOWER Chief of Staff, United States Army